

DEPARTMENT OF THE AIR FORCE 59TH MEDICAL WING (AETC) JOINT BASE SAN ANTONIO - LACKLAND TEXAS

26 APR 2016

MEMORANDUM FOR SGP

ATTN: COL JIANZHONG ZHANG

FROM: 59 MDW/SGVU

SUBJECT: Professional Presentation Approval

- Your paper, entitled <u>Transcranial Magnetic Stimulation in Treatment of Active Duty Members with PTSD, Depression, and Lower Back Pain presented at/published to Aerospace Medicine and Human Performance Vol. 86, No. 3 March 2015</u> with MDWI 41-108, and has been assigned local file #16172.
- 2. Pertinent biographic information (name of author(s), title, etc.) has been entered into our computer file. Please advise us (by phone or mail) that your presentation was given. At that time, we will need the date (month, day and year) along with the location of your presentation. It is important to update this information so that we can provide quality support for you, your department, and the Medical Center commander. This information is used to document the scholarly activities of our professional staff and students, which is an essential component of Wilford Hall Ambulatory Surgical Center (WHASC) internship and residency programs.
- 3. Please know that if you are a Graduate Health Sciences Education student and your department has told you they cannot fund your publication, the 59th Clinical Research Division may pay for your basic journal publishing charges (to include costs for tables and black and white photos). We cannot pay for reprints. If you are 59 MDW staff member, we can forward your request for funds to the designated wing POC.
- 4. Congratulations, and thank you for your efforts and time. Your contributions are vital to the medical mission. We look forward to assisting you in your future publication/presentation efforts.

LINDA STEEL-GOODWIN, Col, USAF, BSC Director, Clinical Investigations & Research Support

hinda Steel-Goodwin

DEPARTMENT OF THE AIR FORCE AIR EDUCATION AND TRAINING COMMAND

19 April 2016

MEMORANDUM FOR MDW/SGVU ATTN: Col Jianzhong Zhang

FROM: 502 ISG/JA (1Lt Heather Slawson)

SUBJECT: Ethics Review for Publication Abstract Approval Request

- 1. BLUF: A request for a legal review of an abstract titled "Transcranial Magnetic Stimulation in Treatment of Active Duty Members with PTSD, Depression, and Lower Back Pain" was submitted by Col Jianzhong Zhang. Col Zhang published this abstract in the Journal of Aerospace Medicine and Human Performance, Vol 86, No. 3 in March 2015. The abstract did not include the required disclaimer, and a legal review was not conducted before the publication of the abstract. It is uncertain whether a Public Affairs review was conducted before the publication. There do not appear to be any conflicts of interest issues with the abstract.
- 2. FACTS: An abstract titled "Transcranial Magnetic Stimulation in Treatment of Active Duty Members with PTSD, Depression, and Lower Back Pain" was published in 2015. Col Zhang has requested retroactive approval of the publication of the abstract. The abstract did not include the required disclaimer.
- 3. LAWS AND REGULATIONS: DoD 5500.07-R, Joint Ethics Regulation (JER), section 3-305 lays out rules governing "Teaching, Speaking and Writing." If the presentation will "deal in significant part with any ongoing or announced policy, program or operation" of the Air Force, the presenter is required to include a disclaimer that states the "views presented are those of the speaker or author and do not necessarily represent the views of DoD or its Components."
- 4. ANALYSIS: This abstract "deals in significant part with an ongoing or announced policy, program or operation" of the Air Force. Col Zhang's rank was included in the abstract. Additionally, the research and information discussed in the abstract was obtained as part of his military medical practice. Col Zhang did not include the required disclaimer on the abstract. There are no apparent conflicts of interest that would have prohibited the publication of this abstract.

5. CONCLUSION: The abstract presented for review did not include the disclaimer required by the JER. For all future publications, a legal review must be obtained before publication and a disclaimer must be included. The disclaimer must state, "the views presented are those of the authors and do not necessarily represent the views of DoD or its Components." If you have any questions, please call Lt Heather Slawson at 671-5728.

> Hather M. Slawson, ILI, USAF Assistant Staff Judge Advocate

I concur.

Chief, Civil Law

PRO	CESSING OF PROFE	SSIONAL MEDICAL	RES	SEARCH/TECHNIC	AL PUBL	LICATIONS	PRE	SENTATIONS			
Clinical Research Division/SGVU Jianzh (59 MDW/SGVU)		Jianzhong Zhang, Col, Of	Author's Name, Rank, Grade, Office Symbol ong Zhang, Col, O6, SGP			PROTOCOL NUMBER: FWH20150038H					
Form 303 A PILOT S	OL TITLE - [NOTE: For each 9 must be submitted for rev STUDY TO EVALUATE THE E AUMATIC STRESS DISORDE	riew and approval.] EFFICACY OF EEG/ECG-0	GUID								
	OF MATERIAL TO BE PUBL RANIAL MAGNETIC STIMULA		- AC	TIVE DUTY MEMBERS	WITH PTSE	D, DEPRESSI	ON ANI	D LOWER BACK PAIN			
2. FUND	ING RECEIVED FOR THIS S	TUDY? TYES NO) F	FUNDING SOURCE:							
	S MATERIAL CLASSIFIED?					- 170-700 of 200-100					
RESEA RIGHT NOTE	S MATERIAL SUBJECT TO ARCH AND DEVELOPMENT S AGREEMENT ETC.? If the answer is "YES" the RIAL IS FOR (Check approper CH COPY OF MATERIAL TO	AGREEMENT (CRADA), YES NO n attach a copy to the Agoriate box or boxes for ap	MAT reen prov	TERIAL TRANSFER AGE ment to the Publications ral with this request.)	REEMENT ((MTA), INTEL	LECTU	AL PROPERTY			
	PUBLICATION/JOURNAL (L			·			No.				
	PUBLICATION ABSTRACT (List intended journal.) AEROSPACE MEDICINE AND HUMAN PERFORMANCE Vol. 86, No. 3 March 2015										
	POSTER (To be demonstrated at meeting/Name of Meeting, City, State, and Date of Meeting)										
	PLATFORM PRESENTATION (At civilian institutions/Name of Meeting, State, Date of Meeting)										
	OTHER (Describe: Name of	f Meeting, City, State, and	Date	e of Meeting)							
	T IS THE EXPECTED DATE		UBL	ICATION WILL BE SUE	BMITTED TO	O THE					
		Colonia do Crono e en accesado de encuentro		T OF CONTACT	.025						
7. WHO IS THE PRIMARY 59 MDW POINT OF CONTACT? (L							DUTY PHONE/PAGER No.				
		SHIP AND CO-AUTHOR(S		st in the order they will SQUADRON/GROU	appear in t	the manuscri	pt)	TION (If not 59 MDW)			
a. Primary/corresponding author Jianzhong Zhang CRAE 06/Col			`	72d MDG/SGP		Tinker AFB		1214			
_{b.} Jin Yi		NA		NA		Brain Treatment Center, C		atment Center, CA			
C. Gail Bates		04/Capt		72d MDG/Mental Health		Tinker AFB					
d.											
e.											
f.											
g.											
I CERTIFY 40-401_IP	ANY HUMAN OR ANIMAL RES AND 59 MDWI 41-108. I HAVE I LICATION AND/OR PRESENTAT	READ THE FINAL VERSION (WERI OF TH	E APPROVED AND PERFO HE ATTACHED MATERIAL	RMED IN ST AND CERTIF	RICT ACCORE FY THAT IT IS	DANCE V AN ACC	VITH 32 CFR 219, AFMAN URATE MANUSCRIPT			
AUTHOR'S PRINTED NAME/RANK/GRADE Jianzhong Zhang/Col/06			AUTHOR'S SIGNATURE				DATE				
			ZHANGJIANZHONGJ,124032447 Digitally signed by JPUNG, JANA, DEVIGL, 1/3403/4470 Extra Cult, Guid, Sourcement, curvicult, and Policy cult,				13 April 2016				
APPRO	VING AUTHORITY'S PRINTE	D NAME, RANK, TITLE	APF	PROVING AUTHORITY'S	S SIGNATU	IRE		DATE			

PROCESSING OF PROFESSION	AL MEDICA	L RESEAF	RCH/TECHNI	CAL PUBLICATION	NS/PRESENTATIONS	
TROOLEGE ST.			(SGVU Use Onl			
TO: Clinical Research Division 1. DATE RECE (59 MDW/SGVU) (Contact 292-7141 for email instructions) Apr 15, 2016			2. ASSIGNED P 16172	FILE NUMBER		
DATE REVIEWED		4. DATE FORWARDED TO PA				
5 Apr 2016						
. AUTHOR CONTACTED FOR RECOMMEND		SSARY CHAI		1 0		
NO YES If yes give da	ate:		⊠ N/	^		
. COMMENTS APPROVED DISAPPROVED						
Request is to approve an abstract that w	as published	prior in 201	5			
	EMEMER	DATE	SIG	SNATURE OF REVIEWS	ER .	
PRINTED NAME, RANK/GRADE, TITLE OF R COL LINDA STEEL-GOODWIN. USAF, BSC		Apr 15, 20	sti	EEL	Digitally signed by STEEL GOODWINLINDA.1186463583 DN: c-US, o-US. Government, out-DoO, out-PRQ, out-USAF, cnr/STEE	
LUL LINDA STEEL-GOODWIN, OSAF, BSC			NT (PA Use On	OODWIN.LINDA.118646358 ly)		
TO: 59 MDW OFFICE OF PUBLIC AFFAIRS (PA)	1. DATE REC Apr 21, 201	EIVED	2. DATE FORV Apr 26, 2016	GVU		
PRINTED NAME, RANK/GRADE, TITLE OF		DATE		IGNATURE OF REVIEW	R.S Digitally signed by CARWILE CHRISTOPHER STEWART. 128047:	
Christopher Carwile, TSgt/E-6, NCOIC, P	A	Apr 26, 2				
	3rd II	NDORSEME	NT (SGVU Use (Only) 1. DATE RECEIVED		
TO: 59 MDW/SGVU						
2. SENIOR AUTHOR NOTIFIED BY PHONE	OF APPROVA	AL OR DISAI	PPROVAL:	YES NO Could	not be reached Left message	
3. DATE WRITTEN NOTICE OF APPROVA						
	DISAPPROVED					
DANKICRADE TITLE OF					200.0.000	
PRINTED NAME, RANK/GRADE, TITLE OF	REVIEWER	SIGNAT	URE OF REVIEW	VER	DATE Page 3 0	

for 30 days in Antarctica. The objective was to observe the physiological adaptation of the explorers in this extreme environment following physical preparation, high calorie input nutrition, and mineral supplements. Anthropometric measures (DXA), a specific aerobic test, grip strength and endurance tests (suspension bar) were conducted before and after the expedition in the laboratory at UQAM. An analysis by paired samples t-test was used to compare pre- and post expedition. RESULTS: Pre-VS post- expedition measurements were significantly [L1] different for %body fat (17.1 \pm 7.9 VS 15.0 \pm 10,5 and 25.7 \pm 6.7 VS 24.6 ± 6.3 % fat for men and women, respectively; t=3,9), but not for lean mass (62.9 \pm 4.8 VS 63.3 \pm 4.6 and 45.4 \pm 4.4 VS 53.3 \pm 4.1 kg; t=-0.3 for men and women, respectively). Pre-post expedition were significantly different for the specific VO_2 peak test (40 ± 3 VS 51 ± 9 ml/kg/min for men and $38 \pm 2 \text{ VS } 42 \pm 4 \text{ ml/kg/min; t=-2.89 for women)}$. The grip strength and suspension bar test did not change significantly and for the grip strength was 126 \pm 8 VS 115 \pm 14 kg for men and 78 \pm 12 VS 75 \pm 17 kg for women; t=0.8, while for the suspension bar test was 73 \pm 10 VS 61 \pm 20 seconds for men and 37 \pm 17 VS 55 \pm 47 seconds for women; t=-0.8, before and after the expedition, respectively. DISCUSSION: The nutrition and the physical preparation appear to be key aspects during an expedition in an extreme environment to countermeasure weight lost and physical ability decay.

Learning Objectives:

 Identify differents physiologic changes during an expedition in Antarctica.

4:00 p.m. [491] AEROMEDICAL DECISION MAKING IN SPONDYLOAR-THROPATHY

C. Chua

Republic of Singapore Air Force Medical Service, Singapore, Singapore

INTRODUCTION: Spondyloarthropathy refers to a family of rheumatic diseases that cause arthritis by involving the entheses. The onset of disease typically begins in teens and 20s, with a male preponderance. Besides affecting the joints, it is often associated with other conditions such as inflammatory bowel disease, psoriasis and uveitis. Medical treatment of spondyloarthropathy and associated conditions may involve disease modifying anti-rheumatic drugs (DMARDs) and TNF apha blockers. The aeromedical disposition of military aviators who are stricken with this condition is dependent on the extensiveness of disease, presence of associated conditions, clinical assessment on physical impairment, and effects of pharmacological treatment. In this presentation, the aeromedical risk assessment and disposition of spondyloarthropathy cases will be discussed through the review of the management of two aircrew with peripheral spondyloarthritis.

Learning Objectives:

- 1. To provide an overview on spondyloarthropathy and its predominant treatment modalities.
- To discuss the aeromedical risk assessment and disposition of spondyloarthropathy.

[492] TRANSCRANIAL MAGNETIC STIMULATION IN TREATMENT OF ACTIVE DUTY MEMBERS WITH PTSD, DEPRESSION AND LOWER BACK PAIN

J. Zhang¹, Y. Jin², and G. Bates³

Aerospace Medicine, Tinker Air Force Base, Oklahoma City, OK; ²Brain Treatment Center, Newport Beach, CA; ³Mental Health, Tinker Air Force Base, Oklahoma City, OK

INTRODUCTION: Transcranial Magnetic Stimulation (TMS) has been recently FDA approved to treat patients with depression and migraine. Data from Air Force Research Library shows that a warrior's cognitive abilities can be enhanced through repetitive TMS. It is indicated that

members with PTSD may receive benefit from rTMS treatment. We treated airmen and families in Los Angeles area with rTMS that significantly improved outcomes in the following cases. 1) A 50 year old active duty male complained of chronic back pain and a moderate degree of anxiety from work-related stressors. After 30 TMS treatments, his back pain is now primarily gone. More importantly, he is far less anxious, sleeping better and can focus "in the now" better than he ever has. 2) A 17 year old female suffered from depression for two years with significant negative impact on her school performance. After 20 TMS treatments, her symptoms improved significantly. She has mood, sleep and energy improvement. As a result, her psychiatrist started tapering her antidepressant medications. 3) An active duty male Master Sergeant with 21 years of service suffered from PTSD following 6 deployments to Iraq/Afghanistan as an EOD technician between 2000 and 2011. After trying multiple other treatments with varied results, he agreed to give TMS a try. With only a week of treatment, his sleep quality improved. His anger subsided significantly and he started to enjoy things again. He has a significant reduction of his PCL-M score from baseline of 62 to 17 after one week of treatment. Importantly, he has become able to focus again and can concentrate on information much more efficiently. We are currently planning a pilot study to gather more information on the efficacy of TMS in PTSD, Depression, and LBP in our active duty population. Baseline EEG will be done on all subjects prior to undergoing two weeks of TMS treatment (30 min a session; 5 sessions/ week). PCL-M scales will be used to monitor progress of members with PTSD, and PHQ-9 be used for members with depression. For back pain, the pain scale and number of days on profile will be used to monitor progress. The ultimate goal is to improve members' duty performance and therefore increase mission readiness.

Learning Objectives:

1. TMS through syncronization of brain wave (activity) may improve symptoms in people with PTSD, Depression, and LBP.

4:30 p.m.

[493] REASONS FOR MEDICAL DISQUALIFICATION OF IR .OF IRANIAN COMMERCIAL PILOTS BETWEEN 2001-2013

K. soleimani

Air Medical Section, Civil Aviation Organization, Tehran, Iran

INTRODUCTION: A License holder is legally obliged to undergo regular health examination, performed by designated medical examiner in an aero medical center (AMC). The medical requirements for commercial pilots are issued by the ICAO, FAA, CAA, and JAA. In Iran the Aeromedical Section (AMS) of the Civil Aviation Authority evaluates and assesses medical reports submitted to the Licensing Authority by medical examiners whether pilots are medically fit to fly. This study presents the causes for medical disqualification among the Iranian commercial pilot population during a 13-yr period. METHODS: The categories of medical condition which have most often been responsible for permanent disqualification of flying personnel have been previously documented in some studies. In my country, the outcomes of all pilot medical examinations are gathered in the archive of the Aeromedical Section of the Iranian Civil Aviation Authority. The disqualifying conditions were reviewed, listed individually, and grouped by major disease categories and age factors related to these conditions were examined. . RESULTS: In this study total population are 41480 pilots took the Iranian pilot's medical examination and pilot-years, and 164 pilots were permanently grounded, which gives a 13-yr average disqualification rate of 4.2 per 1,000 pilot-years. DISCUSSION: Cardiovascular disease, as a calcification , was found to be the commonest cause of disqualification in this population. Other causes, such as internal medical, neurological diseases, ENT problems, Endocrine disease, and psychiatric diseases, are frequently reasons for permanent disqualification. This fact is probably not attributed to more stringent health requirements, but possibly to the attitudes of the pilots, who have become more critical with respect to their subjective perception of their working environment and psychosocial factors.

Learning Objectives:

This study presents the causes for medical disqualification among the Iranian commercial pilot population during a 13-yr period.